

USER MANUAL



EC3040

E. CONDUCTIVITY CONTROLLER









E. CONDUCTIVITY CONTROLLER



Conductivity scales

: 2 µS – 2000 mS

Temperature scales

:-0.0/+100.0 °C

32.0/212.0 °F

Power Supply

: 85/264 Vac

Installed firmware

: R 1.0x

Cod. 28003764 Rev. B – 11/07

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1 PRODUCT PRESENTATION

1.1 FUNCTIONAL PURPOSE OF THE UNIT

The basic system for conductivity monitoring is made of two important parts:

- the controller described in this instruction manual;
- a conductivity cell;

The instrument has the necessary electric circuits and firmware to perform the following functions:

- 1) as the proper sensor is connected, it displays the aqueous solutions' conductivity values;
- 2) if a Pt100 or Pt1000 temperature sensor is connected, it will display the temperature values;
- 3) it performs an automatic or manual temperature compensation;
- 4) if dosing pumps or solenoids are connected to the specific relays, it will automatically adjust the conductivity values;
- 5) if the measure goes outside the low/high limit values, it will give an alarm;
- 6) it provides an analog output for recording and acquiring the conductivity values;
- 7) to receive an external free voltage contact that activates the alarm or the hold condition.

1.2 FUNCTIONAL PRINCIPLES

The conductivity meter is used to detect the electric conductivity of liquids and to control the salt content or the ionic concentrations of liquids.

The measuring of conductivity is done by means of two electrodes completely surrounded by the liquid.

The electrodes must have definite dimensions and arranged locations to define the cell constant K.

Normally is used a cell with K=1, but this instrument can operate with K=0.1 or K=10 cells in order to extend the measuring range.

In order to prevent the electrodes polarisation, the measuring is done by alternate current. The temperature changing of the sample may cause a considerable error, because of the changing of the ions activity.

This instrument features a manual or automatic temperature compensation, referred to temperature of 20 °C or 25 °C

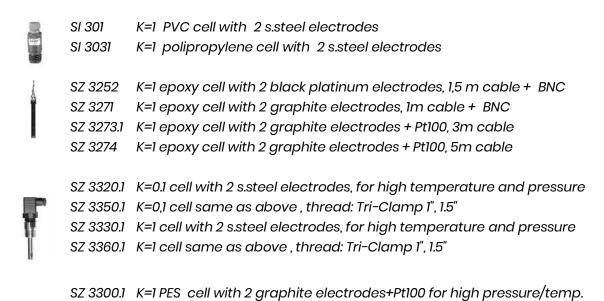
1.3 SENSORS AND ACCESSORIES

The listed articles are the most commonly used ones. They must be ordered separately. Sensors and accessories for heavier and particular applications are also available.

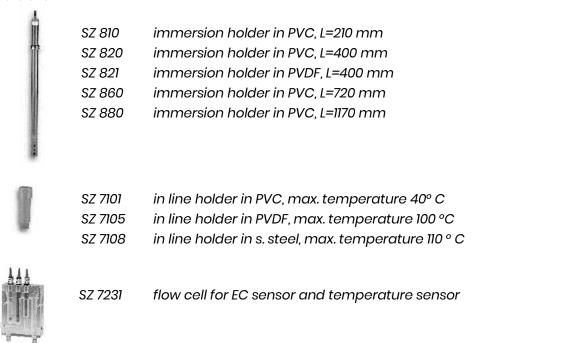
Our staff is always available to help Customers selecting the most appropriate and suitable solution for their specific needs.



Conductivity cells



Holders



Temperature probes

SI 520	Pt100 in line probe, s.steel body
SI 540	Pt100 immersion probe
SP 514	Pt100 in flow probe, s.steel body
SP51501	Pt1000 in flow probe, s.steel body, 1.5 m cable
SP51511	Pt1000 in flow probe, epoxy body, 1.5 m cable



Accessories



BC 931.2 watertight enclosure for 1 controller. IP65

BC 931.3 watertight enclosure for 2 controllers. IP65

SZ 740 IP65 junction box SZ 911 stopper

SZ 927.1 5 wires + coax cable for conductivity cells.



2 GENERAL WARNINGS AND INFORMATION FOR ALL USERS

2.1 WARRANTY

This product is guaranteed for all manufacturing defects.

Please take a look at the terms and conditions described on the Warranty Certificate at the end of the manual.

2.2 AFTER SALES SERVICE

Nieuwkoop B.V./B&C offers to all of its Customers the following services:

- a free of charge Technical Assistance over the phone for problems regarding installation, calibration and regular maintenance;
- a Repairing Service in our Aalsmeer (Holland) headquarter for all types of damages, calibration or for a scheduled maintenance.

Please take a look at the Technical Support data sheet at the end of the manual for more details.

2.3 CE MARKING

This instrument is manufactured according to the following European Community directives:

- 2011/65/EU "Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment"

Until 19/04/2016:

- 2004/108/EC "Electromagnetic compatibility"
- 2006/95/EC "Low Voltage"

From 20/04/2016:

- 2014/35/EU "Low Voltage"
- 2014/30/EU "Electromagnetic compatibility"

Applied norms:

- EN 61010-1/2011 "Low Voltage"
- EN 61326-1/2013 "Electromagnetic compatibility"
 - Industrial use
- EN 55011/2009 "Radio-frequency disturbance characteristics"
 - Class A (devices for usage in all establishment other than domestic)
 - Group 1 (Industrial equipment that do not exceed 9kHz)

The $oldsymbol{\xi}$ marking is placed on the packaging and on the S/N label of the instrument.



2.4 SAFETY WARNINGS

It is important to underline the fact that electronic instruments are subject to accidents. For this, it is important to take all necessary precautions to avoid damages caused by malfunctions.

All types of operations must be performed by authorized and trained staff.

The use of this controller must respect the parameters described in Chapter 4.2 "Technical specification", so to avoid potential damages and a reduction of its operating life.

3 INSTRUCTION MANUAL CONTENTS

This chapter describes the manual and gives suggestions to all users on how to read it and use it.

The manual is written according to the following norms:

- UNI 10893 "Instructions for use".
- UNI 10653 "Quality of product technical documentation".

3.1 MANUAL REVISION

This chapter shortly describes the differences between previously released versions of the same manual, so to help users that are already familiar with the product.

Rev. B: Accesories update.

CE directives update.

Rev. A: First emission.

3.2 SYMBOLS

Throughout the manual You may find the following symbols, which are both dictated by a Norm or that are simply conventional:

Symbol	Meaning
<u>•</u>	Attention: pay great attention to what written next to this symbol
	This symbol is used to warn users that if the instructions are
WARNINGS	ignored or not correctly followed, damage to the instrument can be
	caused



NoteThis symbol is to invite the user to pay particular attention to a

specific section of the manual.

"*" This symbol can be found in those chapters where there have been

changes from the previous releases.

3.3 HOW TO READ THE INSTRUCTION MANUAL

The manual includes all necessary information to fully comprehend the product, to install it correctly, to use it and preserving it, and finally to achieve the performances for which you have selected it and purchased it.

The manual is intended for experienced and prepared personnel, who has knowledge of electronic instrumentations and industrial plants' typical operations.

The index guides the reader through the chapters and through the contents that he wishes to know or exploit.

In particular, the first chapters narrate the general characteristics and they allow the reader to become more familiar with the product by describing its accessories and its use.

The user can then verify if he/she has the necessary know-how to use the controller.

As described in the following chapters, the instrument was designed by keeping in mind three different kinds of users: generic use (end user), control (maintenance staff), installation (plant engineer).

Note

Maintenance staff could be more interesting in the chapters regarding:

- users instructions;
- calibration;
- maintenance:
- warranty/repair terms and conditions.

The plant engineer will have to read the chapters and look at the application drawings in order to:

- verify that the technical and functional characteristics are conformed with the plants requirements;
- verify that the environmental and climatic conditions required by the instruments are respected;
- make the correct electronic connections;
- become familiar with the instrument's firmware;
- configure the instrument according to the application;
- run all of the necessary tests before starting the instrument;
- calibrate the instrument once the sensor is connected.



3.3.1 USING THE INSTRUMENT ON THE PLANT

For the generic use, the end user can operate with a locked keyboard (suggested mode and to be set by maintenance staff). By this, he can control the data provided without the possibility of changing the configured set points.

3.3.2 PLANT MAINTENANCE STAFF

Maintenance staff can select the operating values, by setting the desired parameters of the "set up" menu and after inserting the password. The user's access to calibration, set point and alarm settings can also be enable.

The location of this set parameters can be seen in the right column of the Technical Specifications table (Chapter 4.2) and they are identified by a letter "S" followed by a number.

The operations that need to be done during the start-up and the periodical tests are the following:

- to allow only the visualization of the measures during the normal use;
- to calibrate the sensors by means of ZERO and SENS keys;
- to set the following parameters:
 - set point 1 and 2 by means of SET 1 and SET 2 keys
 - temperature value in °C or °F
 - manual temperature compensation value
 - set point 1 and 2 delay
 - min. and max. alarm value
 - alarm delay
 - activate/deactivate logic input;
- to modify password to access set up

3.3.3 INSTALLING THE INSTRUMENT IN THE PLANT

The plant engineer, by inserting the access password and by setting and modifying the "configuration" parameters, will be able to select the necessary functions required by the plant.

The location of this set parameters can be seen in the right column of the Technical Specifications table (Chapter 4.2) and they are identified by a letter "C" followed by a number.

The configuration that need to be done during the instrument installation are the following:

- cell constant K;
- measuring scale in function to the cell K;
- Pt100 or Pt1000 sensor;
- min. and max. (Lo/Hi) function of set-point 1 and 2;
- activated/deactivated (Act/Dea) condition of alarm relay;
- 0/20 mA or 4/20 mA output range;
- hold/alarm function for logic input;
- password changing to access the configuration.



4 SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATION

Display

The instrument has a 7 segments and 4 digits LED display. The display shows the measures vales and the messages to the operator.

In particular, the messages scroll on the display and they are preceded by the corresponding number of the Technical Specifications tables (Chapter 4.2).

After a 3' stand-by, the display goes back to showing the main measure.

Keyboard

The instrument has 8 keys, which allow to access all of available functions.

The upper keys are for zero and sensitivity calibration and to confirm the set points value. All of this functions can be then protected by means of password.

The other keys will be described in the following chapters.

<u>Input</u>

The controller can measure the conductivity and the temperature.

The measuring unit µS or mS is indicated by the Led positioned to the right of the display. The conductivity is measured by means of a two electrodes conductivity cell.

The temperature value, in °C or °F, can be measured with a Pt100 or Pt1000 temperature sensor; with 2 or 3 wires connection depending to the distance between sensor and controller.

Measuring scales

The instrument features the selection of three K cell constant.

For each K cell value the user can select up to five measuring scales as shown in the chapter 4.2 "Technical specifications" and in the following table:

K	0,10	1,00	10,00
SCALES	2µS	20 µ S	200 µS
	20 µS	200 µS	2000 µS
	200 µS	2000 µS	20 mS
	2000 µS	20 mS	200 mS
	20 mS	200 mS	2000 mS

<u>Temperature compensation</u>

The instrument shows the temperature value and it allows the manual or automatic temperature compensation.

In case the temperature sensor is absent or it is malfunctioning, the controller turn automatically to manual compensation and it will show the value of compensation temperature.

The reference temperature can be selected at 20 °C or 25 °C.



Set-points

The instrument has two independent set-points which can be programmed across the whole scale to activate the correspondent relay contacts (SPST)..

When a relay is activated the corresponding Led, placed to the left side of the display, will light up. During the phase of activated delay, the LED will flash.

Thanks to the specific front panel keys SET 1 and SET 2, setting the set point value is very simple. A password can be set in order to avoid that other users may change the settings.

For each relay, it is possible to select:

- min/max function;
- delay.

Alarm

The instrument has an alarm relay, which contact are SPDT type.

The alarm condition can be configured for:

- higher or lower conductivity values compared to the set points;
- logic input signal coming from an external device (if this function is activated);

The alarm status can be seen on the LED marked ALM placed to the left of the display. During the phase of activated delay, the LED will flash.

The operator can set the activated/deactivated (Act/Dea) status of relay corresponding to the alarm condition and the delay function.

Analog output

The instrument has an isolated analog output to send the measure value. The output can be programmed 0/20 mA or 4/20 mA and it is displayed by the main measure.

The galvanic isolated output allows the controller to communicate with a PLC or with a recorder and it does not need an external power supply.

Logic input

The instrument is equipped with a logic input to connect to external dry contacts. The logic input function can be activated or deactivated from the set up menu.

The input function can be selected Hold/Alarm, which features are described in table 6.0 of Chapter 4.2 "Technical specifications", and it is selected in the configuration menu.

<u>Universal power supply</u>

The instrument can operate with an 85/264 Vac power supply.

Power supply option 9/36 Vdc or 24 Vac

By installing this option, the instrument can be used with a 9/36 Vdc or 24 Vac power supply.



Instrument set up

The instrument has the set up menu protected by a specific password. In the menu, it is possible to deactivate the functions of sensors calibration, set points values and parameters changing, alarm and logic input parameters changing.

Instrument configuration

The instrument has a configuration menu protected by a specific password. In the menu, it is possible to select the K of the cell, the measuring scale and the temperature sensors, to select the min/max (Lo/Hi) set point functions, the alarm relay activation type (Act/Dea), the analog output range and the logic input function.

4.2 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The display number is next to the factory values in the following tables.

SETUP parameters are indicated by : "S x.y" CONFIGURATION parameters are indicated by: "C x.y"

x=table section y=sequence 1.2.3.4.etc.

Underlined words in the tables correspond to scrolling display messages.

1.0	MAIN M	EASU	RING			Factory value	Display
T)/D		IDINIC					
TYPE	OF MEASU	IKING	į.				
	Conductivity	v					
	•	•		п			
	Input from 2 electrodes cell						
						<u>1.00</u> /cm	C1.1
	K	0	,10	1,00	10,00		
						2000µS	C1.2
	SCALES		2µS	20 µ S	200 µS		
			20 µ S	200 µ S	2000 µS		
			200 µ S	2000 µS	20 mS		
			2000 µS	20 mS	200 mS		
			20 mS	200 mS	2000 mS		
	Scales	3	Resolution	Under	Over Range		
		_		Range			
	2.000µS		0.001µS	-0.100µS	2.100µS		
	20.00µ		0.01µS	-1.00µS	21.00µS		
	200.0µ		0.1µS	-10.0µS	210.0µS		
	2000µ\$		1µS	-100µS	2100µS		
	20.00m		0.01mS	-1.00mS	21.00mS		
	200.0m		0.1mS	-10.0mS	210.0mS		
	2000m	S	1mS	-100mS	2100mS		
	Zero: +/- 10% of the scale					0%	1.1
	The zero	calib	oration is don	e on all scales s	tarting from the		
S	ensitivity: 60	0%/160	0%			100%	1.2
	,,,,,	., -				I '	



2.0 TEMPERATURE MEASURING		Factory value	Display
TYPE OF MEASURING			
Temperature			
Input:	RTD Pt <u>100</u> /Pt <u>1000</u>	Pt <u>100</u>	C2.1
Connection:	3 wires	20	001
Unit of measurement:	<u>°C/°F</u>	<u>°C</u>	S2.1
Measuring and compensation range:	0.0/100.0°C		
	(32.0/212.0°F)		
Resolution:	0.1°C (0.1°F)		
Under range:	-10.0°C (14.0°F)		
Over range:	110.0°C (230.0°F)		
Zero adjustment:	+/- 2.0°C (+/- 3.6°F)	0°C (0°F)	2.1
Manual temperature:	0/100°C (32/212°F)	20°C (68°F)	S2.2
Reference temperature for ATC:	20°C/25°C	20°C	S2.3
TC coefficient:	0.00/3.50%/°C	2.2%/°C	\$2.4

3.0	SET POINT		Factory value	Display
SET	POINT 1			
	Action: ON-OFF			
	Set point (in function of the scale): Hysteresis (in function of the scale):	0/2000 ± 2	0	3.1
	Delay: Function:	0.0/100.0 seconds <u>Lo/Hi (</u> Min/Max)	0.2 s <u>Lo</u>	\$3.1 C3.1
	Relay contacts:	SPST 220V 5A resistive		
SET	POINT 2			
	Action: ON-OFF			
	Set point (in function of the scale): Hysteresis (in function of the scale):	0/2000 ± 2	0	3.2
	Delay: Function:	0.0/100.0 seconds <u>Lo/Hi (</u> Min/Max)	0.2 s <u>Hi</u>	S3.2 C3.2
	Relay contacts:	SPST 220V 5A resistive		



4.0	ALARM		Factory value	Display
	Low value (function of the scale): High value (function of the scale): Hysteresis (function of the scale): Delay: Relay status (activated/deactivated	0/2000 0/2000 ± 2 0.0/100.0 seconds d): <u>Act./dEA.</u>	0 2000 1.0 s <u>Act</u> .	\$4.1 \$4.2 \$4.3 C4.1
	Relay contacts:	SPDT 220V 5A resistive		

Range: <u>0-20/4-20</u> mA <u>0-20</u> mA Under/Over range (0-20): 0.00/20.50 mA	
Under/Over range (4-20): 3.50/20.50mA Response time: 2.5 seconds for 98% Isolation: 250 Vac R max: 600 ohm	A C5.1

6.0	LOGIC INPUT		Factory value	Display
	Logic input: activated/deactivated Logic input function:	(On/OFF) HoLd/ALAr.	OFF HoLd	\$6.1 C6.1
	HOLD conditions: Analog output keeps the value Set points keep the status Alarm state deactivated	(HOLD) (HOLD) (OFF)		
	ALARM conditions: Analog output activated Set points deactivated Alarm state activated	(RUN) (OFF) (ON)		
	External contacts must be free voltage			



10.0	SETUP PARAMETERS		Factory value	Display
	Password to access the SETUP Calibration and set point adjustment Temperature measuring unit Manual temperature Reference temperature Temperature coefficient Delay set1	(0/999) On/OFF °C/°F 20°C/25°C	0 <u>On</u> <u>°C</u> 20.0°C <u>20°C</u> 2.20%/°C 0.2 s	10.1 S1.1 S2.1 S2.2 S2.3 S2.4 S3.1
	Delay set2 Alarm LO (low value) Alarm HI (high value) Delay alarm Logic input Modify password to SETUP access	On/OFF	0.2 s 0 µS 2000 µS 1.0 s <u>OFF</u>	\$3.2 \$4.1 \$4.2 \$4.3 \$6.1

11.0	CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS		Factory value	Display
	Password to access CONFIGURATION	(0/999)	0	11.1
	Cell constant K	<u>0.10/1.00/10.0</u> Sc	<u>1.00</u>	C1.1
	(function of K): 20/200/2000µS	20/200mS	<u>2000 µS</u>	C1.2
	Temperature sensor	Pt <u>100</u> /Pt <u>1000</u>	Pt <u>100</u>	C2.1
	Set point 1 function	<u>Lo/Hi</u>	<u>Lo</u>	C3.1
	Set point 2 function	<u>Lo/Hi</u>	<u>Hi</u>	C3.2
	Alarm relay status	Act./dEA.	<u>Act.</u>	C4.1
	Analog output range	<u>0-20/4-20 </u> mA	<u>0-20</u> mA	C5.1
	Logic input function	HoLd/ALAr.	<u>HoLd</u>	C6.1
	Modify password to CONFIGURATION access		0	C11.1

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display: LED 7 segments and 4 digits

Led indicators: -set1 and set2 relay status

-alarm status

-logic input contact status

-measuring unit µ\$ -measuring unit m\$

Operating temperature: 0/50°C

Humidity: 95% without condensation Power supply: 85/264 Vac 50/60 Hz

Isolation: 4000 Vdc (2350 Vac) between primary and secondary (IEC

348)

Power consumption: 6 VÁ max.
Terminal blocks: extractable

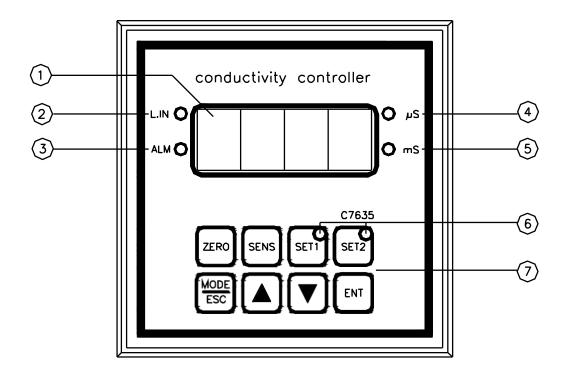
Weight: 450 g

Dimensions: 96 x 96 x 104 mm including frame.

Dimensions (internal to switch board): 90 x 90 x 95 mm



5 OPERATING PROCEDURES



- 1. Values and messages display
- 2. Logic input contact visualization
- 3. Active alarm visualization

- 4. Selected measuring unit (µS)
- 5. Selected measuring unite (mS)
- 6. Set point relay activated
- 7. Keyboard

Fig. 1

5.1 KEYBOARD

zero"	Starts zero <u>calibration</u>
sens "Sens"	Starts <u>sensitivity</u> <u>calibration</u>
"Setl"	Starts set point 1 <u>calibration</u>
SET2	Starts set point 2 <u>calibration</u>

MODE ESC "Mode - ESC"	- <u>Visualizes</u> instrument <u>functions</u> - Exit without changing the
"Up"	- Increase the values - Changes the options
"Down"	- <u>Decrease the values</u> - Changes <u>the</u> options
ENT "Enter"	- Enter the new values - Starts the visualized function



5.2 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

5.2.1 CONDUCTIVITY MEASURING

The display shows the main measure values as selected in the configuration menu.

Conductivity measuring

The front panel LED is lit according to the selected measure.



If the measuring value is under range/over range, the following messages will appear:

From this display 1.0 it is possible to start the sensors calibration procedure, the set points setting (if those functions have been enabled in the set up menu).

by pressing the key, the LED 4 or 5 on the front panel are switched off and the analog output range and the expected current on the load are displayed.

5.2.2 TEMPERATURE MEASURING

By pressing the key from the 1.0 display, the unit will show the message (" " "), if the RTD is not connected the message (" and the temperature value (actual value or the manual value selected in the display \$2.2).

From this display it is possible the access to the calibration procedure of the temperature probe if this function is enabled by the operator.



5.2.3 SET UP PARAMETERS

The set up parameter changing can be enabled/disabled by the operator.

By pressing two times the key from the 1.0 display, the unit will show the message

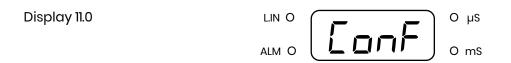
SEL-UP Press Ent and it is possible to access to the menu reserved to maintenance staff (set-up)



5.2.4 CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS

By pressing three times the key from the 1.0 display, the unit will show the message

Lonf L. PrESS Ent and it is possible to access to the menu reserved to the plant engineer (configuration)



5.2.5 FIRMWARE RELEASE

By pressing four times the key from the 1.0 display, the unit will show the message [7635 r ID] (it shows the unit p/n and the release of the firmware installed in the unit).

Display 12.0 LIN O LIN O μS O μS



By pressing the key, the unit turn back to the main display.

5.3 INSTRUCTION FOR THE MAINTENANCE STAFF

5.3.1 PRELIMINARY OPERATIONS

All the functioning operations must be done with sensor or a suitable resistor connected to the unit.

Verify if the configuration, the set point and the alarm parameter are suitable for the current application.

Follow the procedures described in the chapter 5.3.7 to verify the parameters without modifying the values.



The display, LED and keys in the front panel allow the operator to perform the preliminary check. A lit display indicates that the unit s powered and the power circuits work correctly.

5.3.2 MEASURING OPERATIONS

In order to correctly operate the system, remember to verify the following:

- sensors are installed and in contact with the liquid;
- analog output if necessary;
- eventual actuation of the relays 1 and 2;
- alarm relay if necessary;
- logic input if necessary;
- power supply and ground;

Power the unit and read the conductivity value of the liquid and the status of the set points.

If sensors and probes are connected correctly as described in chapter 6 "Installation", the system will operate properly and it will only need the calibration and the set point/ alarm values setting.

5.3.3 CONDUCTIVITY CALIBRATION

Install the cell and connect it to the instrument.

By keeping the cell in air the display will show zero.

If the readout is different than zero it is possible to perform the following zero calibration

By pressing the key, the unit will show the message

ZEro CAL. followed by the actual conductivity value, or **CAL. OFF** if the calibration has been disabled into the set up menu (display S1.1).

press to confirm and to end the calibration.

UPdALE or **2E-0 Er-0** messages will appear.

The message of error must be confirmed if the calibration has not been performed.

Dip the cell into the conductivity standard solution (see the KCl conductivity table versus temperature) in order to perform the sensitivity calibration.

By pressing the key, the unit will show the message

5En5. [AL. followed by the actual conductivity value, or [AL. OFF] if the calibration function has been disabled into theset up menu (display S1.1).

or press the keys to change the value according to the standard solution value

press to confirm and to end the calibration

UPdALE or **SEnS. ErrOr** messages will appear.

The message of error must be confirmed if the calibration has not been performed.



If the operator needs to turn to the factory calibration of the zero or the sensitivity





ENT

press the three keys together instead of using the





kevs

The error messages during the calibration inform the operator about the bad condition of the conductivity cell.

Thezero>10%, will show the message **Error**, to indicate the pollution of the electrodes or problems on the cable.

The sensitivity <60% or >160% will show the message 5En5. Error, to indicate the wrong K of the cell.

CONDUCTIVITY STANDARD SOLUTIONS

CONCENTRATION	1 N	0,1 N	0,01 N
KCL	114	0,114	0,0114
Temperature °C			
0	65.410	7.150	0.776
5	74.140	8.220	0.896
10	83.190	9.330	1.020
15	92.520	10.480	1.147
16	94.410	10.720	1.173
17	96.310	10.950	1.199
18	98.220	11.190	1.225
19	100.140	11.430	1.251
20	102.070	11.670	1.278
21	104.000	11.910	1.305
22	105.940	12.150	1.332
23	107.890	12.390	1.359
24	109.840	12.640	1.386
25	111.800	12.880	1.413
26	113.770	13.130	*
27	115.740	13.370	*
28	*	13.620	*
29	*	13.870	*
30	*	14.120	*

The conductivity values on the table are in μ S.

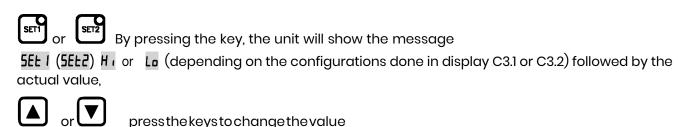
1N solution: 74,59 g of KCl dissolved in 1 lt of distilled water. Use

fresh solutions only.

ENT



5.3.4 SET POINT CALIBRATION



EAL. OFF will appear if the calibration has been disabled in the set up display S1.1).

press the key to exit from the procedure without changing the data (this key allows to exit from all the procedure without changing the previous data/setting).

5.3.5 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION

By pressing the key from the main display, the unit will access the temperature readout.

By pressing the key, the unit will show the message

press to confirm and to end the calibration.

ZEro CAL. followed by the actual value, or **CAL. OFF** if the calibration function has been disabled into the set up menu (display S1.1).

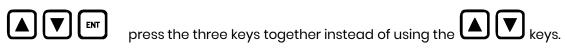
or press the key to change the value

press to confirm and to end the calibration

UPdALE message or **2E-0** E--**0** will appear.

The message of error must be confirmed if the calibration has not been performed.

If the operator needs to turn to the factory calibration of the zero



5.3.6 MANUAL TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION

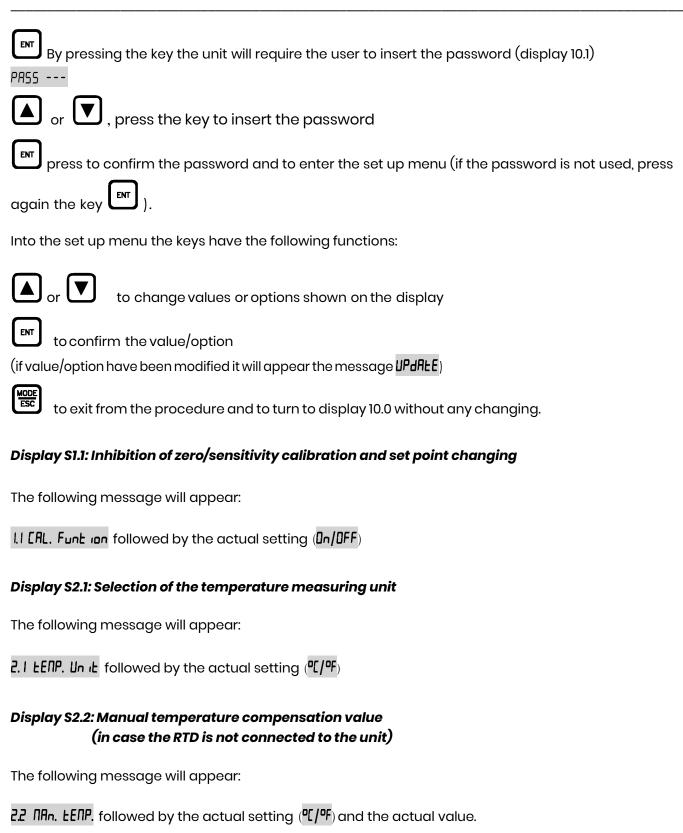
If the RTD is not installed, the unit will display the manual temperature compensation value. Refer to the chapter 5.3.7 display \$2.2 in order to change the manual temperature value.

5.3.7 SFT-UP

By pressing two times the key from display 1.0, the unit will show the message SEL-UP PrESS Ent (display 10.0).

E. CONDUCTIVITY CONTROLLER





Display S2.3: Reference temperature for compensation

The following message will appear:

2.3 rEF. LENP. followed by the measuring unit ("[/"F) and the actual value.



Display \$2.4: Temperature coefficient

The following message will appear:

2.4 Lc. followed by the current value.

Display \$3.1: Delay (in seconds) of the set point 1 relay

The following message will appear:

3.1 SEL I dELAY followed by the actual value.

Display S3.2: Delay (in seconds) of the set point 2 relay

The following message will appear:

3.2 SEL2 dELAY followed by the actual value.

Display \$4.1: Minimum alarm value

The following message will appear:

4.1 La ALA-N followed by the actual value (the unit is shown by the corresponding LED 4 or 5 on the front panel).

Display \$4.2: Maximum alarm value

The following message will appear:

4.1 H , ALA-N followed by the actual value (the unit is shown by the corresponding LED 4 or 5 on the front panel).

Display S4.3: Delay (in seconds) of the alarm relay

The following message will appear:

4.3 ALArN dELAY followed by the actual value.

Display \$6.1: Logic input

The following message will appear:

5.1 Lau ic InPUL followed by the actual setting (On/OFF)



Display \$10.1: Password for the set up menu

The following message will appear:

ID. I SEL-UP PRSS followed by ---

5.3.8 MAINTENANCE OF THE UNIT

Quality components are used to give the controller a high reliability.

The frequency of such maintenance depends on the nature of each particular application.

As in any electronic equipment, the mechanical components such as switches, relays and connectors, are the most subject to damage.

5.3.9 MAINTENANCE OF THE SENSOR

The state of the electrode's surface is critical for the normal operation of the system and should be inspected more frequently when using alkaline liquids, oil and grease containing water, and bioapplications.

Suggested methods for cleaning the electrode include chemical cleaning (except hydrofluoric acid) and washing detergents:

- remove the sensor from the holder,
- dip the sensor for 30 seconds in a 5% HCl solution or detergent in case of grease contamination,
- rinse thoroughly the sensor into deionised water,
- reinstall the sensor into the holder.

5.4 INSTRUCTION FOR THE PLANT ENGINEER

5.4.1 SAFETY INSTRUCTION



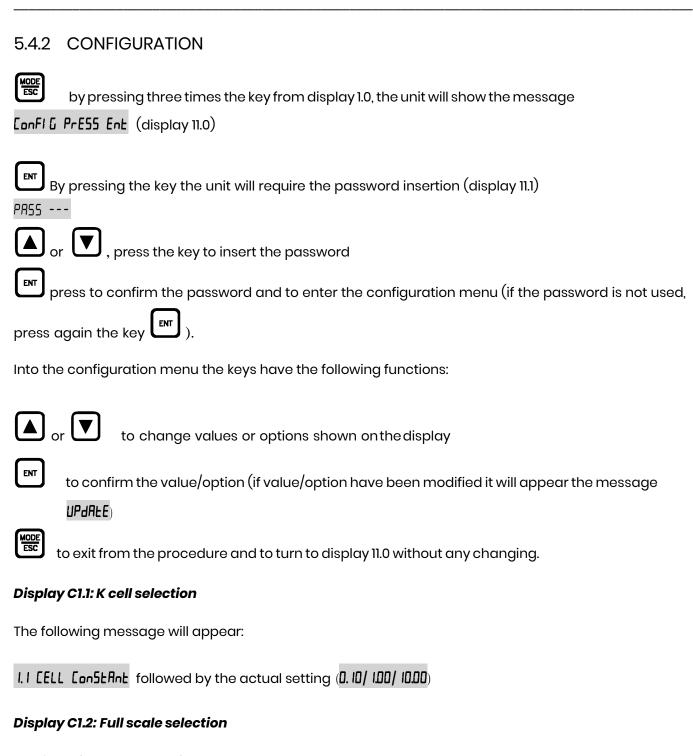
Read the installation instruction (Chapter 6) and check the following before switching on the unit and performing the configuration:

- Check if the terminal 3 is connected to the ground;
- check if the connections are correct;
- check if connections are well fastened to the terminals;
- check if eventual protective fuses have the correct value.

WARNINGS

Eventual damages coming from wrong connections are not covered by warranty.





The following message will appear:

1.2 SERLE followed by the actual setting (function of the selected K)

Display C2.1: Type of RTD (Pt100 or Pt1000)

The following message will appear:

2.1 LENP. SEnSor PL followed by the actual setting (100/1000)



Display C3.1: Set point 1 function (min/max)

The following message will appear:

3.1 SEt 1 Funct ion followed by the actual setting (Lo/H i)

Display C3.2: Set point 2 function (min/max)

The following message will appear:

3.2 SEL2 Funct ion followed by the actual setting (Lo/Hi)

Display C4.1: Alarm relay function (activated/deactivated)

The following message will appear:

4.1 ALARA Funct ion followed by the actual setting (Act./dEA.)

Display C5.1: Range of the analog output (0/20 or 4/20 mA)

The following message will appear:

5.1 put followed by the actual setting (0-20/4-20)

Display C6.1: Logic contact function (hold/alarm)

The following message will appear:

5.1 Lau ic InPUL followed by the actual setting (Hald/ALAr.)

Display C11.1: Password for the configuration menu

The following message will appear:

Confl G. PASS followed by the actual password ---.



6 INSTALLATION

6.1 PACKING LIST

The carton box contains:

- N° 1 the instrument with s/n label,
- N° 2 fixing clamp,
- N° 1 instruction manual.

6.2 UNPACKING

- 1) Remove the instruction manual.
- 2) Remove the controller from the carton box.
- 3) Remove the plastic protective envelope and keep the two fixing clamp.

6.3 STORAGE AND TRANSPORTATION

In case of long storage period, keep the instrument in a dry area.

In case of transportation, use the original carton box.

6.4 INSTALLATION OF THE UNIT

The instrument can be installed in a watertight enclosure or in a switch board.

The panel mounting must be done on a flat surface in a position protected from hits, moisture and corrosive fumes.

6.5 INSTALLATION OF THE CELL

The conductivity cell must be mounted properly if the system is to operate accurately and efficiently.

It must meet the following requirements:

- the sample in the cell must be representative of the whole solution
- the solution must circulate continuously through the cell
- the flow velocity in the cell must not be so high as to cause cavitations
- the position and orientation of the cell must not trap air-bubbles near the electrode area
- sediments must not accumulate within the electrode area
- in all dip cell installations the water must be continuously stirred.

Keep the cable away from power wires on the overall length.

This cable too must not be interrupted on overall length. If interruption is necessary, the extension cable must be fastened to the high insulation terminal strip.



6.6 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

Refer to figure 2. or to the connections drawing on the back panel of the instrument. The electrical installation consists of:

- 1) connecting the power supply;
- 2) connecting the electrodes or probes;
- 3) connecting the temperature sensor;
- 4) connecting the set points and alarm relays;
- 5) connecting the analog output;
- 6) connecting the logic input.

All connections to the instrument are made on detachable terminal strips located on the rear side.

The power connections are on a 10 terminals strip.

The signals connections are on a 7 terminals strip.

The analog output and logic input connections are on a 4 terminals strip.

6.6.1 CONNECTING THE POWER



- Connect the ground to 3 terminal.
- Connect the 86/264 Vac power to <u>1-2</u> terminals

WARNINGS

- power the device by means of an isolation transformer
- avoid mains voltage from an auto-transformer
- avoid mains voltage from a branch point with heavy inductive loads
- separate power supply wires from signal ones
- control the mains voltage value before powering the unit.

The electronic equipment can occasionally be damaged.

The plant engineer must consider this event to prevent eventual damages caused by the instrument malfunctioning.

6.6.2 CONNECTING THE CELL

The connection of the electrodes is the most critical of the system.

Connect the cell to terminals 23 - 25

6.6.3 CONNECTING THE TEMPERATURE SENSOR

In order to display the temperature value and to effect the automatic temperature compensation on the measuring, it is necessary to connect the RTD sensor Pt100 or Pt1000.

E. CONDUCTIVITY CONTROLLER



If the temperature sensor is not connected, interrupted or in a short circuit, the unit will turn to the manual temperature compensation automatically.

Two wires connection of Pt1000 or Pt100 for short distance

Use a suitable two wires cable

Connect the RTD to <u>27-28</u> terminals and install a jumper between <u>28-29</u> terminals.

The two wires connection of the Pt100 may require the temperature zero calibration to compensate the wires resistance effect.

Three wires connection of Pt100 for long distance

Use a suitable three wires cable.

- Connect the RTD lead to <u>27</u> terminal.
- Connect the RTD common lead to <u>28</u> and <u>29</u> terminal by using two separate wires.
- Do not interrupt the cable.
 - Use high isolation terminals in case of cable extension.
- Keep the cable away from the power cables.
- In case of interference use a shielded cable and connect the shield to the <u>3</u> terminal.

6.6.4 CONNECTING THE ANALOG OUTPUT

The instrument provides an isolated output current, proportional to the main measuring to send to an external recorder, PLC or similar devices.

-	Connect	<u>(+</u>	terminal of the recorder to the	<u>15</u>	terminal of the	unit.
		/ \				

Connect (<u>-</u>) terminal of the recorder to the <u>16</u> terminal of the unit.

If the output current will drive more loads, connect the devices in series. The total resistance must be lower than 600 Ω .

WARNINGS

Do not supply any voltage to the analog output terminals to avoid damages on the output circuits. Connect only to passive input devices.

6.6.5 CONNECTING THE PUMPS, SOLENOIDS AND ALARMS

The contacts of the control and alarm relays are available on the rear terminal strip of the instrument. The contacts are SPST type corresponding to set point 1 and set point 2 and SPDT type corresponding to the alarm function.

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SET POINT 1

terminal <u>5</u> marked <u>C</u> : common contact terminal <u>4</u> marked <u>NO</u> : normal open contact

SET POINT 2

terminal 7 marked C : common contact terminal 6 marked NO : normal open contact

Power the load through an independent power supply in order to avoid interferences from inductive load. Install snubbers if necessary.

Install fuses as protection of the relays contacts in case of short circuit of the load. Do not exceed the nominal current rate of the contacts (5 A resistive load).

At this step of the connection remember that each relay can be configured as min/max function.

The set point values can be adjusted only if the calibration has not been disabled; the delay can be adjusted in the set up menu. (see chapters 5.3.5, 5.3.7).

To modify the function min/max (Lo/Hi) of the set points see the charter 5.4.2.

ALARM

terminal 9 marked C : common contact
terminal 8 marked NO : normal open contact
terminal 10 marked NC : normal closed contact

The alarm relay can be configured as activated/deactivated (Act/Dea) during the alarm conditions of the measuring.

The alarm condition occurs when the measuring is lower/higher than min/max selected values (see chapter 5.3.7); the delay of the relay action can be selected (see chapter 5.4.2).

If the configuration "Deactivated" (dER) is selected, the relay will provide the alarm contact even when the unit is switched off or the it is not in operation.

6.6.6 CONNECTING THE LOGIC INPUT

The dry contacts (voltage free) coming from an external device must be connected to the logic input terminals 17 – 18.

The activation and the configuration of the input logic is described in the Display S6.1 (chapter 5.3.7) and C6.1 (chapter 5.4.2).

The hold or alarm functions are described in the item 6.0 of the chapter 4.2 "Technical specifications".

WARNINGS

Do not supply any voltage to the logic input terminals to avoid damages on the circuits.

E. CONDUCTIVITY CONTROLLER

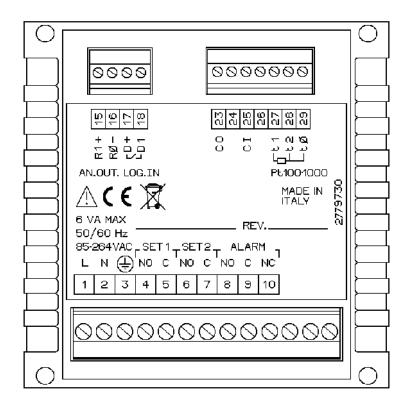


7 DISPOSAL

If it shall became necessary to throw away this electronic equipment, please follow the disposal laws of your Country.



REAR PANEL CONNECTIONS C 7635



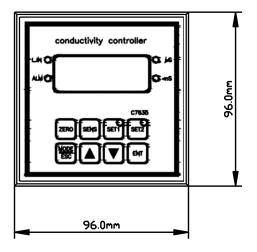
C7635 rev.A - A4 - 1:1

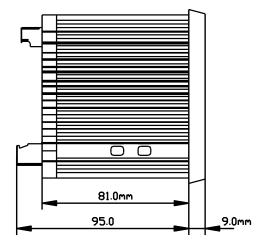
1. 2	Power supply 85-264 Vac
3.	Ground
4. 5	Set point 1 N. O. contacts
6.7	Set point 2 N. O. contacts
8. 9	Alarm N.O. contacts
9. 10	Alarm N.C. contacts
15.	Analog output (+)
16.	Analog output (-)
17. 18	Logic input
27. 28. 29	RTD Pt100/Pt1000 input
23. 25	Measuring cell input

Fig. 2



DIMENSIONS





DRILL PLAN

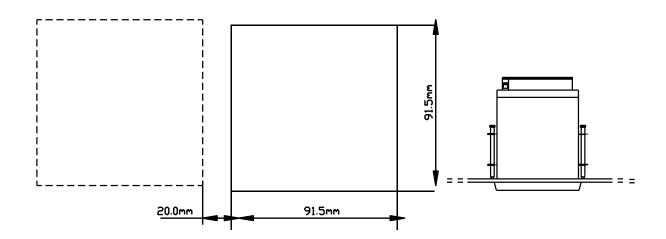


Fig. 3



WARRANTY CERTIFICATE

- 1) Your product is covered by Nieuwkoop B.V./B&C Warranty for 2 years from the date of shipment. In order for this Warranty to be valid, the Manufacturer must determine that the instrument failed due to defective materials or workmanship.
- 2) The Warranty is void if the product has been subject to misuse and abuse, or if the damage is caused by a faulty installation or maintenance.
- 3) The Warranty includes the repair of the instrument at no charge. All repairs will be completed at the Manufacturer's facilities in Aalsmeer, Holland.
- 4) Nieuwkoop B.V./B&C assumes no liability for consequential damages of any kind, and the buyer by accepting this equipment will assume all liability for the consequences of its use by the Customer, his employees, or others.

REPAIRS

- 1) In order to efficiently solve your problem, we suggest You to ship the instrument along with the Technical Support's Data Sheet (following page) and a Repair Order.
- 2) The estimate, if requested by the Customer, is free of charge when it is followed by the Customer confirmation for repair. As opposite, if the Customer shall not decide to have the instrument repaired, he will be charged to cover labor and other expenses needed.
- 3) All instruments that need to be repaired must be shipped pre-paid to Nieuwkoop/B&C. All other expenses that have not been previously discussed will be charged to Customer.
- 4) Our Sales Dept. will contact You to inform You about the estimate or to offer you an alternative, in particular when:
 - the repairing cost is too high compared to the cost of a new instrument,
 - the repairing results being technically impossible or unreliable
- 5) In order to quickly return the repaired instrument, unless differently required by the Customer, the shipment will be freight collect and through the Customer's usual forwarder.



TECHNICAL SUPPORT

Data sheet

In case of damage, we suggest You to contact our Technical Support by email or phone. If it is necessary for the instrument to be repaired, we recommend to photocopy and fill out this data sheet to be sent along with the instrument, so to help us identifying the problem and therefore accelerate the repairing process.

□ ESTIMATE		□ REPAIR			
COMPANY NAME					
ADDRESS	Z	IP	CITY		
REFER TO MR./MISS.			PHONE		
MODEL	S	/N	DATE		
Please check the operator's manual please provide a brief description of	of the damage:			be and	
□ SENSOR	□ ANALO		PUT		
□ POWER SUPPLY	□ SET P	TNIC			
□ CALIBRATION	□ RELAY	CONTA	CTS		
□ DISPLAY	□ PERIO	DICAL N	MALFUNCTIONING		
> DESCRIPTION					



TO MEASURE TO KNOW

